

Tally of G.S. Pre 2012 Question Paper with our

G.S. (Pre) Paper – I Study Kit

S. No.	Q. of G.S. Pre Civil Services Examination 2012	Answer of the Question	Subject Name	Chapter Name	Explanations
1.	1. The basic aim of Lead Bank Scheme is that (a) big banks should try to open offices in each district (b) there should be stiff competition among the various nationalized banks (c) individual banks should adopt particular districts for intensive development (d) all the banks should make intensive efforts to mobilize deposits	Answer: c	Booklet no -6 Indian economy	Banking system in India	This scheme was started in 1969 to coordinate the activities of nationalized banks for intensive development of banking facilities in particular districts.
2.	4. The distribution of powers between the Centre and the States in the Indian Constitution is based on the scheme provided in the (a) Morley-Minto Reforms, 1909 (b) Montagu-Chelmsford Act, 1919 (c) Government of India Act, 1935 (d) Indian Independence Act, 1947	Answer: C	Booklet no -7 Indian polity	Outstanding features of the Indian constitution	
3.	5. Despite having large reserves of coal, why does India import millions of tonnes of coal? 1. It is the policy of India to save its own coal reserves for future, and import it from other countries for the present use. 2. Most of the power plants in India are coal-based and they are not able to get sufficient supplies of coal from within the country. 3. Steel companies need large quantity of coking coal which has to be imported. Which of the statements given above is/are correct? (a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3	Answer: B	Special Booklet- Current affairs for civil services Preliminary examination		
4.	7. Recently, there has been a concern over the short supply of a group of elements called 'rare earth metals'. Why? 1. China, which is the largest producer of these elements, has imposed some restrictions on their export. 2. Other than China Australia, Canada and Chile, these elements are not found in any country. 3. Rare earth metals are essential for the manufacture of various kinds of electronic items and there is a growing demand for these elements. Which of the statements given above is/are correct? (a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3	Answer: C	Special Booklet- Current affairs for civil services Preliminary examination		India is the second largest producer of rare earth materials after china, china presently produces more than 95% of all rare earth materials that are vital in the creation of a big variety of electronic technologies .
5.	8. Consider the following protected areas: 1. Bandipur 2. Bhitarkanika 3. Manas 4. Sunderbans Which of the above are declared Tiger Reserves? (a) 1 and 2 only (b) 1, 3 and 4 only (c) 2, 3 and 4 only (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4	Answer: B	Special Booklet- Current affairs for civil services Preliminary examination		Bhitarkanika has one of the largest populations of endangered saltwater crocodile in. Nearly 700 saltwater crocodiles inhabit the rivers and creeks remaining three are declared as tiger reserves.
6.	9. Consider the following statements: 1. The duration of the monsoon decreases from southern India to northern India. 2. The amount of annual rainfall in the northern plains of India decreases from east to west.	Answer: C	Booklet no 2, Indian and world geography	Chapter – 3, climate (the gist of n.c.e.r.t)	

	Which of the statements given above is/are correct? (a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2				
7.	10. Which one of the following is the characteristic climate of the Tropical Savannah Region? (a) Rainfall throughout the year (b) Rainfall in winter, only (c) An extremely short dry season (d) A definite dry and wet season	Answer: D	Booklet no 2, Indian and world geography	Chapter – 9, the climatic region of the world)	One form of the tropical savanna climate features is distinct wet and dry seasons of relatively equal duration. Most of the region's annual rainfall is experienced during the wet season and very little precipitation falls during the dry season.
8.	11. In which one among the following categories of protected areas in India are local people not allowed to collect and use the biomass? (a) Biosphere Reserves (b) National Parks (c) Wetlands declared under Ramsar Convention (d) Wildlife Sanctuaries	Answer: B	Booklet no – 5, environment and ecology	Chapter -1, environment concept	With in national park hunting, killing or capturing of fauna, or deprivation of any wild animal of its habitat, or destruction and collection of flora, and weapons are all prohibited where also, grazing [of any live-stock] shall not be permitted. Except for the improvement and a better management of wildlife therein.
9.	13. Which one of the following groups of animals belongs to the category of endangered species? (a) Great Indian Bustard, Musk Deer, Red Panda and Asiatic Wild Ass (b) Kashmir Stag, Cheetal, Blue Bull and Great Indian Bustard (c) Snow Leopard, Swamp Deer, Rhesus Monkey and Saras (Crane) (d) Lion-tailed Macaque, Blue Bull, Hanuman Langur and Cheetal	Answer: A	Booklet no – 5, environment and ecology	Chapter -2, biodiversity	The endangered species in India have been divided into 4 main categories- critically endangered (cr), endangered (en), vulnerable (vu) and threatened. The critically endangered species in india, as identified by the iucn and wii, include great Indian bustard and red panda. The vulnerable species include musk deer and asiatic wild ass.
10.	17. Which of the following can be threats to the biodiversity of a geographical area? 1. Global warming 2. Fragmentation of habitat 3. Invasion of alien species 4. Promotion of vegetarianism Select the correct answer using the codes given below: (a) 1, 2 and 3 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1 and 4 only (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4	Answer: A	Booklet no – 5, environment and ecology	Chapter -2, biodiversity	
11.	18. Consider the following: 1. Black-necked crane 2. Cheetah 3. Flying squirrel 4. Snow leopard Which of the above are naturally found in India? (a) 1, 2 and 3 only (b) 1, 3 and 4 only (c) 2 and 4 only (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4	Answer: B	Special Booklet-Current affairs for civil services Preliminary examination		The cheetah inhabiting most of africa and parts of the middle east.
12.	21. Vultures which used to be very common in Indian countryside some years ago are rarely seen nowadays. This is attributed to (a) the destruction of their nesting sites by new invasive species (b) a drug used by cattle owners for treating their diseased cattle (c) scarcity of food available to them (d) a widespread, persistent and fatal disease among Them	Answer: B	Special Booklet-Current affairs for civil services Preliminary examination		Use of diclofenac in animals has been led to a sharp decline in the vulture population in the indian. The mechanism is, it is presumed, renal failure, a known side-effect of diclofenac. Vultures eat the carcasses of livestock that have been administered veterinary diclofenac, and are poisoned by the accumulated chemical.
13.	23. Graphene is frequently in news recently. What is its importance? 1. It is a two-dimensional material and has good electrical conductivity.	Answer: C	Special Booklet-Current affairs for civil services Preliminary		The main constituent of graphene is the graphite and not silicon. Graphene can be used for many different purposes

	<p>2. It is one of the thinnest but strongest materials tested so far.</p> <p>3. It is entirely made of silicon and has high optical transparency.</p> <p>4. It can be used as ‘conducting electrodes’ required for touch screens, LCDs and organic LEDs.</p> <p>Which of the statements given above are correct?</p> <p>(a) 1 and 2 only (b) 3 and 4 only (c) 1, 2 and 4 only (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4</p>		examination		including: transistors to be operational even at high frequencies. Organic light emitting diodes, storing hydrogen for fuel cell powered cars, ultracapacitors with graphene electrodes etc.
14.	<p>25. With reference to ‘stem cells’, frequently in the news, which of the following statements is/are correct?</p> <p>1. Stem cells can be derived from mammals only.</p> <p>2. Stem cells can be used for screening new drugs.</p> <p>3. Stem cells can be used for medical therapies.</p> <p>Select the correct answer using the codes given below:</p> <p>(a) 1 and 2 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3</p>	Answer: D	Booklet no 8, science and technological development in India	Chapter – 6, biotechnology	Stem cells are biological cells found in multicellular organisms that can divide and differentiate into diverse specialized celltypes and can self-renew to produce more stem cells.
15.	<p>27. A team a scientists at Brookhaven National Laboratory including those from India created the heaviest antimatter (anti-helium nucleus). What is/are the implication/implications of the creation of anti-matter?</p> <p>1. It will make mineral prospecting and oil exploration easier and cheaper.</p> <p>2. It will help probe the possibility of the existence of stars and galaxies made of anti-matter.</p> <p>3. It will help understand the evolution of the universe.</p> <p>Select the correct answer using the codes given below:</p> <p>(a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3</p>	Answer: B	Special Booklet- Current affairs for civil services Preliminary examination		Anti-matter resembles with ordinary matter, except it has the opposite charge. When matter meets its anti-matter, they annihilate and convert all of their mass-energy into gamma radiation this tremendous energy harnessed, would revolutionise life on earth and in space. For example, the harnessing of anti-matter would mean that space exploration to distant worlds would be possible. Also during the time of big bang, the universe was made of matter and anti-matter in equal proportion.
16.	<p>29. Electrically charged particles from space traveling at speeds of several hundred km/sec can severely harm living beings if they reach the surface of the Earth.</p> <p>What prevents them from reaching the surface of the Earth?</p> <p>(a) The Earth’s magnetic field diverts them towards its poles</p> <p>(b) Ozone layer around the Earth reflects them back to outer space</p> <p>(a) Moisture in the upper layers of atmosphere prevents them from reaching the surface of the Earth</p> <p>(c) None of the statements (a), (b) and (c) given above is correct</p>	Answer: A	Booklet no 2, Indian and world geography	Chapter -22, space	Earth is surrounded by a magnetic force field just like a bubble in space called the “magnetosphere” tens of thousand of miles wide. This magnetosphere acts as a shield that protects us from solar storms and electrically charged particles.
17.	<p>34. The Congress ministries resigned in the seven provinces in 1939 because</p> <p>(a) the Congress could not form ministries in the other four provinces</p> <p>(b) emergence of a ‘left wing’ in the Congress made the working of the ministries impossible</p> <p>(c) there were widespread communal disturbances in their provinces</p> <p>(d) None of the statements (a), (b) and (c) given above is correct</p>	Answer: D	Booklet no -3, Indian history	Chapter –the national movements in 1940’s	They resigned in protest against viceroy lord linlithgow’s action of declaring India to be a belligerent in the second world war without consulting the Indian people.
18.	<p>35. With reference to National Rural Health Mission, which of the following are the jobs of ‘ASHA’, a trained community health worker?</p>	Answer: A	Gist of Indian year book		Asha is not trained to conduct the delivery of baby.

	<p>1. Accompanying women to the health facility for antenatal care checkup</p> <p>2. Using pregnancy test kits for early detection of pregnancy</p> <p>3. Providing information on nutrition and immunization</p> <p>4. Conducting the delivery of baby</p> <p>Select the correct answer using the codes given below:</p> <p>(a) 1, 2 and 3 only (b) 2 and 4 only</p> <p>(c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4</p>				
19.	<p>36. Which of the following is/are the principal feature(s) of the Government of India Act, 1919?</p> <p>1. Introduction of diarchy in the executive government of the provinces</p> <p>2. Introduction of separate communal electorates for Muslims</p> <p>3. Devolution of legislative authority by the centre to the provinces</p> <p>Select the correct answer using the codes given below:</p> <p>(a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 only</p> <p>(c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3</p>	Answer: C	Booklet no – 3, Indian history	Chapter – the rise of new nationalist or extremist	The main feature of the 1919 act were – instead of single, bicameral house was created: the council of state and the legislative assembly, dyarchy was introduced in provinces: subject of administration was divided into two lists, transferred and reserved, devolution of legislative authority by the centre to the provinces was also done.
20.	<p>39. Which of the following special powers have been conferred on the Rajya Sabha by the Constitution of India?</p> <p>(a) To change the existing territory of a State and to change the name of a State</p> <p>(b) To pass a resolution empowering the Parliament to make laws in the State List and to create one or more all India Services</p> <p>(c) To amend the election procedure of the President and to determine the pension of the President after his/her retirement</p> <p>(d) To determine the functions of the Election Commission and to determine the number of Election Commissioners</p>	Answer: D	Booklet no 7, Indian polity	Chapter -13, parliament of India	
21.	<p>40. How does the National Rural Livelihood Mission seek to improve livelihood options of rural poor?</p> <p>1. By setting up a large number of new manufacturing industries and agribusiness centres in rural areas</p> <p>2. By strengthening 'self-help groups' and providing skill development</p> <p>1. By supplying seeds, fertilizers, diesel pump-sets and micro-irrigation equipment free of cost to farmers</p> <p>Select the correct answer using the codes given below:</p> <p>(a) 1 and 2 only (b) 2 only</p> <p>(c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3</p>	Answer: A	Special Booklet- Current affairs for civil services Preliminary examination		It is a programme related with poverty alleviation and rural prosperity. It has two stages .in the first nrlm may totally focus on promoting shgs and shg federations and financial inclusion. In the second stage the shg federations may be assisted to promote livelihood organizations such as commodity cooperatives, producer companies, etc.
22.	<p>41. The Multi-dimensional Poverty Index developed by Oxford Poverty and Human Development Initiative with UNDP support covers which of the following?</p> <p>1. Deprivation of education, health, assets and services at household level</p> <p>2. Purchasing power parity at national level</p> <p>3. Extent of budget deficit and GDP growth rate at national level</p> <p>Select the correct answer using the codes given below:</p> <p>(a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 only</p> <p>(c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3</p>	Answer: A	Booklet no 6, Indian economy	Chapter -1, economics-an introduction	The mpi has three dimensions: health, education and standard of living.
23.	<p>42. Which of the following is/are among the noticeable features of the recommendations of the Thirteenth Finance Commission?</p>	Answer: A	Special Booklet- Current affairs for civil services		In the thirteenth finance commission recommendation there is no recommendation

	<p>4. Refinery products 5. Textiles</p> <p>Select the correct answer using the codes given below:</p> <p>(a) 1 and 5 only (b) 2, 3 and 4 only (c) 1, 2, 3 and 4 only (d) 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5</p>				
29.	<p>50. Government of India encourages the cultivation of 'sea buckthorn'. What is the importance of this plant?</p> <p>1. It helps in controlling soil erosion and in preventing desertification. 2. It is a rich source of bio-diesel. 3. It has nutritional value and is well-adapted to live in cold areas of high altitudes. 4. Its timber is of great commercial value.</p> <p>Which of the statements given above is/are correct?</p> <p>(a) 1 only (b) 2, 3 and 4 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4</p>	Answer: C	Special Booklet- Current affairs for civil services Preliminary examination		The sea-buckthorns are deciduous shrubs and its berries are edible and nutritious, it is well adopted in high altitudes and cold areas it control soil erosion and prevent desertification.
30.	<p>51. Which of the following is the chief characteristic of 'mixed farming'?</p> <p>(a) Cultivation of both cash crops and food crops (b) Cultivation of two or more crops in the same field (c) Rearing of animals and cultivation of crops together (d) None of the above</p>	Answer: C	Booklet no -2, Indian and world geography.	Chapter 6, land use and agriculture (the gist of N.C.E.R.T)	Mixed farming is the combining crop cultivation with livestock farming.
31.	<p>54. Consider the following factors:</p> <p>1. Rotation of the Earth 2. Air pressure and wind 3. Density of ocean water 4. Revolution of the Earth</p> <p>Which of the above factors influence the ocean currents?</p> <p>(a) 1 and 2 only (b) 1, 2 and 3 (c) 1 and 4 (d) 2, 3 and 4</p>	Answer: B	Booklet no -2, Indian and world geography	Chapter no -20, hydrosphere	Except the factor revolution of the earth, the other three factors are responsible for the ocean currents.
32.	<p>56. Consider the following crops of India:</p> <p>1. Groundnut 2. Sesamum 3. Pearl millet</p> <p>Which of the above is/are predominantly rainfed crop/crops?</p> <p>(a) 1 and 2 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3</p>	Answer: D	Booklet no 2, Indian and world geography	Chapter 10, India physical and chapter no -6, land use and agriculture.(gist of n.c.e.r.t)	
33.	<p>58. Normally, the temperature decreases with the increase in height from the Earth's surface, because</p> <p>1. the atmosphere can be heated upwards only from the Earth's surface 2. there is more moisture in the upper atmosphere 3. the air is less dense in the upper atmosphere</p> <p>Select the correct answer using the codes given below</p> <p>(a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3</p>	Answer: C	Booklet no 2, Indian and world geography	Chapter 18, atmosphere	
34.	<p>60. In India, other than ensuring that public funds are used efficiently and for intended purpose, what is the importance of the office of the Comptroller and Auditor General (CAG)?</p> <p>1. CAG exercises exchequer control on behalf of the Parliament when the President of India declares national emergency/financial emergency. 2. CAG reports on the execution of projects or programmes by the ministries are discussed by the Public Accounts Committee.</p>	Answer: C	Booklet no – 7, Indian polity	Chapter – 26, comptroller and auditor general of India	

	<p>3. Information from CAG reports can be used by investigating agencies to press charges against those who have violated the law while managing public finances.</p> <p>4. While dealing with the audit and accounting of government companies, CAG has certain judicial powers for prosecuting those who violate the law. Which of the statements given above is/are correct?</p> <p>(a) 1, 3 and 4 only (b) 2 only (c) 2 and 3 only (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4</p>				
35.	<p>61. The endeavour of 'Janani Suraksha Yojana' Programme is</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> to promote institutional deliveries to provide monetary assistance to the mother to meet the cost of delivery. to provide for wage loss due to pregnancy and confinement <p>Which of the statements given above is/are correct?</p> <p>(a) 1 and 2 only (b) 2 only (c) 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3</p>	Answer: A	Special Booklet- Current affairs for civil services Preliminary examination		The objective of the programme is to promote institutional deliveries and to provide monetary assistance to the mother to meet the cost of delivery
36.	<p>62. The Prime Minister of India, at the time of his/her appointment</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> need not necessarily be a member of one of the Houses of the Parliament but must become a member of one of the Houses within six months need not necessarily be a member of one of the Houses of the Parliament but must become a member of the Lok Sabha within six months must be a member of one of the Houses of the Parliament must be a member of the Lok Sabha 	Answer: A	Booklet no -7, Indian polity	Chapter -13, parliament of India	He either has to be a current member of one of the houses of parliament, or be elected within six months of being appointed
37.	<p>63. With reference to the Delimitation Commission, consider the following statements:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The orders of the Delimitation Commission cannot be challenged in a Court of Law. When the orders of the Delimitation Commission are laid before the Lok Sabha or State Legislative Assembly, they cannot effect any modifications in the orders. <p>Which of the statements given above is/are correct?</p> <p>(a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2</p>	Answer: C	Booklet no -7, Indian polity	Chapter -27, delimitation of constituencies	The orders of the commission have the force of law and cannot be called in question before any court of law
38.	<p>65. According to the Constitution of India, it is the duty of the President of India to cause to be laid before the Parliament which of the following?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The Recommendations of the Union Finance Commission The Report of the Public Accounts Committee The Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General. The Report of the National Commission for Scheduled Castes <p>Select the correct answer using the codes given below</p> <p>(a) 1 only (b) 2 and 4 only (c) 1, 3 and 4 only (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4</p>	Answer: C	Booklet no -7, Indian polity	Chapter – 13 parliament of India	Pac is a parliamentary committee under the control of the speaker, it is one of the watchdog committee of the parliament, government take action on the recommendation of the committee.
39.	<p>66. A deadlock between the Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha calls for a joint sitting of the Parliament during the passage of</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Ordinary Legislation Money Bill Constitution Amendment Bill 	Answer: A	Booklet no -7, Indian polity	Chapter – 13 parliament of India	No joint sitting is possible in case of money bill and constitutional amendmend bill face deadlock.

	Select the correct answer codes given below: (a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3				
40.	68. Which of the following is/are among the Fundamental Duties of citizens laid down in the Indian Constitution? 1. To preserve the rich heritage of our composite culture 2. To protect the weaker sections from social injustice 3. To develop the scientific temper and spirit of inquiry 3. To strive towards excellence in all spheres of individual and collective activity Select the correct answer using the codes given below: (a) 1 and 2 only (b) 2 only (c) 1, 3 and 4 only (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4	Answer: C	Booklet no -7, Indian polity	Chapter – 6, fundamental duties	
41.	69. What is the provision to safeguard the autonomy of the Supreme Court of India? 1. While appointing the Supreme Court Judges, the President of India has to consult the Chief Justice of India. 2. The Supreme Court Judges can be removed by the Chief Justice of India only. 3. The salaries of the Judges are charged on the Consolidated Fund of India to which the legislature does not have to vote. 4. All appointments of officers and staffs of the Supreme Court of India are made by the Government only after consulting the Chief Justice of India. Which of the statements given above is/are correct? (a) 1 and 3 only (b) 3 and 4 only (c) 4 only (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4	Answer: A	Booklet no -7, Indian polity	Chapter – 15, the judiciary	
42.	70. To meet its rapidly growing energy demand, some opine that India should pursue research and development on thorium as the future fuel of nuclear energy. In this context, what advantage does thorium hold over uranium? 1. Thorium is far more abundant in nature than uranium. 2. On the basis of per unit mass of mined mineral, thorium can generate more energy compared to natural uranium. 3. Thorium produces less harmful waste compared to uranium. Which of the statements given above is/are correct? (a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3	Answer: D	Booklet no – 8 S&T	Chapter – 3, atomic research.	Thorium is three times more abundant in nature than uranium. Thorium-based reactors are safer because the reaction can easily be stopped and because the operation does not have to take place under extreme pressures. Compared to uranium reactors, thorium reactors produce far less waste and the waste that is generated is much less radioactive and much shorter-lived.
43.	73. What are the reasons for the people's resistance to the introduction of Bt brinjal in India? 1. Bt brinjal has been created by inserting a gene from a soil fungus into its genome. 2. The seeds of Bt brinjal are terminator seeds and therefore, the farmers have to buy the seeds before every season from the seed companies. 3. There is an apprehension that the consumption of Bt brinjal may have adverse impact on health. 4. There is some concern that the introduction of Bt brinjal may have adverse effect on the biodiversity. Select the correct answer using the codes given below: (a) 1, 2 and 3 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 3 and 4 only (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4	Answer: C	Special Booklet- Current affairs for civil services Preliminary examination		Bt brinjal, a genetically modified strain created by india's number one seeds company mahyco in collaboration with american multinational Monsanto, claims to improve yields and help the agriculture sector.
44.	75. Consider the following statements:	Answer: A	Booklet no 3,	Chapter – 3,	Dadabhai naroji spoke about the

	<p>The most effective contribution made by Dadabhai Naoroji to the cause of Indian National Movement was that he</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. exposed the economic exploitation of India by the British 2. interpreted the ancient Indian texts and restored the self-confidence of Indians 3. stressed the need for eradication of all the social evils before anything else <p>Which of the statements given above is/are correct?</p> <p>(a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3</p>		Indian history	economic impact of the British	apparent lack of growth and development of Indian economy in the colonial period.
45.	<p>79. The Rowlatt Act aimed at</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a) compulsory economic support to war efforts (b) imprisonment without trial and summary procedures for trial (c) suppression of the Khilafat Movement (d) imposition of restrictions on freedom of the press 	Answer: B	Booklet no – 3, Indian history	Chapter –the beginning of Gandhian era	
46.	<p>80. The Lahore Session of the Indian National Congress (1929) is very important in history, because</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. the Congress passed a resolution demanding complete independence 2. the rift between the extremists and moderates was resolved in that Session 3. a resolution was passed rejecting the two-nation theory in that Session <p>Which of the statements given above is/are correct?</p> <p>(a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 (c) 1 and 3 (d) None of the above</p>	Answer: A	Booklet no – 3, Indian history	Chapter –the beginning of Gandhian era	
47.	<p>83. Which of the following statements is/are correct regarding Brahma Samaj?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. It opposed idolatry. 2. It denied the need for a priestly class for interpreting the religious texts. 3. It popularized the doctrine that the Vedas are infallible <p>Select the correct answer using the codes given below:</p> <p>(a) 1 only (b) 1 and 2 only (c) 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3</p>	Answer: B	Booklet no – 3, Indian history	Chapter –Indian renaissance and reform movement	
48.	<p>84. The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) acts as a bankers' bank. This would imply which of the following?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Other banks retain their deposits with the RBI. 2. The RBI lends funds to the commercial banks in times of need. 3. The RBI advises the commercial banks on monetary matters. <p>Select the correct answer using the codes given below:</p> <p>(a) 2, and 3 only (b) 1 and 2 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3</p>	Answer: D	Booklet no -6, Indian economy	Chapter -10, banking system in India	
49.	<p>86. Which of the following measures would result in an increase in the money supply in the economy?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Purchase of government securities from the public by the Central Bank 2. Deposit of currency in commercial banks by the public 3. Borrowing by the government from the Central Bank 4. Sale of government securities to the public 	Answer: C	Booklet no -6, Indian economy	Chapter – 4, monetary and credit policy	Deposit of currency in commercial bank and sale of government securities will lead to the shortage of money in the market.

	<p>by the Central Bank Select the correct answer using the codes given below:</p> <p>(a)1 only (b)2 and 4 only (c)1 and 3 (d)2, 3 and 4</p>				
50.	<p>87. Which of the following would include Foreign Direct Investment in India?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Subsidiaries of foreign companies in India Majority foreign equity holding in Indian companies Companies exclusively financed by foreign companies Portfolio investment <p>Select the correct answer using the codes given below:</p> <p>(a)1, 2, 3 and 4 (b) 2 and 4 only (c)1 and 3 only (d)1, 2 and 3 only</p>	Answer: D	Booklet no -6, Indian economy	Chapter -5, money market and capital market in india	In fdi foreign capital come in the form of equity inflow with stake. Where as portfolio investment (like fii) has no say in the management
51.	<p>89. In the areas covered under the Panchayat (Extension to the Scheduled Areas) Act, 1996, what is the role/power of Gram Sabha?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Gram Sabha has the power to prevent alienation of land in the Scheduled Areas. Gram Sabha has the ownership of minor forest produce. Recommendation of Gram Sabha is required for granting prospecting licence or mining lease for any mineral in the Scheduled Areas. <p>Which of the statements given above is/are correct?</p> <p>(a)1 only (b) 1 and 2 only (c)2 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3</p>	Answer: D	Booklet no 7, Indian polity	Chapter-22, panchayatraj institution	
52.	<p>90. In the Parliament of India, the purpose of an adjournment motion is</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> to allow a discussion on a definite matter of urgent public importance to let opposition members collect information from the ministers to allow a reduction of specific amount in demand for grant to postpone the proceedings to check the inappropriate or violent behaviour on the part of some members 	Answer: A	Booklet no 7, Indian polity	Chapter 13, parliament of India	A matter of urgent public importance can be brought before the legislature and discussed through adjournment motion by interrupting its regular business
53.	<p>91. How does National Biodiversity Authority (NB(A) help in protecting the Indian agriculture?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> NBA checks the biopiracy and protects the indigenous and traditional genetic resources. NBA directly monitors and supervises the scientific research on genetic modification of crop plants. Application for intellectual Property Rights related to genetic/biological resources cannot be made without the approval of NBA. <p>Which of the statements given above is/are correct?</p> <p>(a)1 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c)1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3</p>	Answer: A	Special Booklet- Current affairs for civil services Preliminary examination		
54.	<p>92. The National Green Tribunal Act, 2010 was enacted in consonance with which of the following provisions of the Constitution of India?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Right to healthy environment, construed as a part of Right to life under Article 21. Provision of grants for raising the level of administration in the Scheduled Areas for 	Answer: A	Special Booklet- Current affairs for civil services Preliminary examination		

	<p>the welfare of Scheduled Tribes under Article 275(1)</p> <p>3. Powers and functions of Gram Sabha as mentioned under Article 243(A)</p> <p>Select the correct answer using the codes given below:</p> <p>(a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3</p>				
55.	<p>94. Consider the following provisions under the Directive Principles of State Policy as enshrined in the Constitution of India:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Securing for citizens of India a uniform civil code. 2. Organizing village Panchayats 3. Promoting cottage industries in rural areas 4. Securing for all the workers reasonable leisure and cultural opportunities <p>Which of the above are the Gandhian Principles that are reflected in the Directive Principles of State Policy?</p> <p>(a) 1, 2 and 4 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1, 3 and 4 only (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4</p>	Answer: B	Booklet no -7, Indian polity	Chapter -7, directive principles of state policy	Gandhian principles are reflected in article 40: establishment of village panchayat, and article 43: promotion of cottage industry
56.	<p>95. Consider the following statements:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Union Territories are not represented in the Rajya Sabha. 2. It is within the purview of the Chief Election Commissioner to adjudicate the election disputes. 3. According to the Constitution of India, the Parliament consists of the Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha only. <p>Which of the statements given above is/are correct?</p> <p>(a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) None</p>	Answer: D	Booklet no -7, Indian polity	Chapter -3,21,13	
57.	<p>98. Which of the following are included in the original jurisdiction of the Supreme Court?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A dispute between the Government of India and one or more States. 2. A dispute regarding elections to either House of the Parliament or that of Legislature of a State 3. A dispute between the Government of India and a Union Territory 4. A dispute between two or more States. <p>Select the correct answer using the codes given below:</p> <p>(a) 1 and 2 (b) 2 and 3 (c) 1 and 4 (d) 3 and 4</p>	Answer: C	Booklet no -7, Indian polity	Chapter -15, the judiciary	In article 131, the original jurisdiction of the supreme court has been mentation.